



Year Five / Six Cycle A 2022-23 – Africa

Spring

Crucial Knowledge- what is Africa	Expanded Knowledge	Apply/Prove
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Africa is made up of many different biomes and landscapes Africa is one of the continents of the world – it is not a single country Africa has a range of climates hot climate Africa consists of rich urban and poor rural areas Some parts of Africa experience famine Some parts of Africa can experience extreme drought 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deforestation has erased nearly all (90%) of West Africa's rainforests The Sahara Desert and Mount Kilimanjaro can be found in Africa Kinshasa and Johannesburg are urbanised cities in Africa Most people are employed in farming (agriculture) Famine is where people have limited food and can lead to starvation Drought is long periods of no rain 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compare and contrast Africa with the UK Locate Africa on a world map and a globe Locate key locations on a map of Africa e.g. Sahara Desert, Kilimanjaro Compare Kinshasa and Johannesburg of places in Africa with London and Chesterton Make predictions based its geographical location e.g. close to the equator = hot <p>Locate/ recognise physical and human features on a map and using photographs</p>

Summer

Crucial Knowledge- Fairtrade	Expanded Knowledge	Apply/Prove
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fairtrade aims to ensure farmers get a fair price for their goods Goods are items that people want, like food Fairtrade items usually cost more 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Some of the goods imported from Africa are 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use a map to locate and identify where goods are exported and imported

Trade is the action of buying and selling goods

- chocolate, coffee and bananas
- Around 5 million people benefit from fair trade in 58 countries (not just in Africa)
- Farmers must maintain high standards with their products - can make it highly costly
- Different countries trade different things: Nigeria and Egypt trade petroleum Chad trade cotton Madagascar and Kenya trade coffee Mauritius trade sugar
- Africa imports large quantities of manufacturing goods: machinery, transport equipment, building materials
- Exports are goods sent to another country
- Imports are goods that are received from another country

- Plan a route for goods to be exported
- Compare areas of Africa with the UK
- Locate countries on a map of Africa, using atlases
- Explain why Africa both imports and exports goods